**Natural Products** 

'H



# **Boldine Datasheet**

HO

4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

OH

#### [ Product Information ]

Name: Boldine

Catalog No.: CFN98718

Cas No.: 476-70-0

**Purity:** > 95%

**M.F:** C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>21</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>

**M.W:** 327.4

Physical Description: Powder

**Synonyms:**5,6,6a,7-Tetrahydro-1,10-dimethoxy-6-methyl-4H-dibenzo[de,g]quinoline-2,9-diol;2,9-Dihydroxy-1,10-dimethoxyaporphine.

## [ Intended Use ]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 4. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 5. Others.

#### [Source]

The herbs of Litsea glutinosa.

#### [Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Boldine, the major and most characteristic alkaloidal constituent of Boldo (Peumus boldus Mol.), it is an effective antioxidant in both biological and non-biological systems has opened up the perspective of a broad range of uses in medicine and industry.<sup>[1]</sup>

Boldine, in low micromolar concentrations, is able to prevent brain homogenate autooxidation, the 2,2'-azobis(2-amidinopropane)(AAP)-induced lipid peroxidation of red cell plasma membranes, and the AAP-induced inactivation of lysozyme, suggests that boldine has a high reactivity of towards free radicals. <sup>[2]</sup>

Boldine may exert an inhibitory effect on STZ-induced oxidative tissue damage and altered antioxidant enzyme activity by the decomposition of reactive oxygen species and inhibition of nitric oxide production and by the reduction of the peroxidation-induced product formation, it may attenuate the development of STZ-induced diabetes in rats and interfere with the role of oxidative stress, one of the pathogeneses of diabetes mellitus.<sup>[3]</sup> Boldine displays cytoprotective , anti-oxidant and anti-inflammatory activities, which may arise from its free radical scavenging properties; it prevents the increase in lipoperoxidation levels induced by ischemia, but higher concentrations potentiated this parameter.<sup>[4]</sup>

Boldine may attenuate the catecholamine oxidation-induced brain mitochondrial dysfunction and decrease the dopamine-induced death of PC12 cells through a scavenging action on reactive oxygen species and inhibition of melanin formation and thiol oxidation.<sup>[5]</sup>

Boldine has no toxic effect on non-tumor cells when used at the same concentrations as those used on tumor cells, suggests that boldine may be a promising compound for evaluation as an anti-cancer agent.<sup>[6]</sup>

Boldine reduces oxidative stress and improves endothelium-dependent relaxation in aortas of diabetic mice largely through inhibiting ROS overproduction associated with Ang II-mediated BMP4-dependent mechanisms.<sup>[7]</sup>

Boldine has low toxicity, lack of effect on P450 activity, and strong inhibition of peroxidation of human liver microsomes, it may be valuable as an antioxidant and

hepatoprotective agent.[8]

#### [ Solvent ]

Chloroform, Dichloromethane, Ethyl Acetate, DMSO, Acetone, etc.

#### [ HPLC Method ]<sup>[9]</sup>

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile- 0.1 M Sodium perchlorate H2O(pH=3.0), gradient elution; Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min; Column temperature: Room Temperature; The wave length of determination: 302 nm.

#### [Storage]

 $2-8^{\circ}$ C, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

## [ References ]

- [1] Speisky H, Cassels B K. Pharmacol. Res., 1994, 29(1):1-12.
- [2] Speisky H, Cassels B K, Lissi E A, et al. Biochem. Pharmacol., 1991, 41(11):1575-81.
- [3] Jang Y Y, Song J H, Yong K S, et al. Pharmacol. Res., 2000, 42(4):361-71.
- [4] Konrath E L, Santin K, Nassif M, et al. Neurotoxicology, 2008, 29(6):1136-40.
- [5] Youn Y C, Kwon O S, Han E S, et al. Biochem. Pharmacol., 2002, 63(3):495-505.
- [6] Gerhardt D, Horn A P, Gaelzer M M, et al. Invest. New Drug, 2009, 27(6):517-25.
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- [8] Kringstein P, Cederbaum A I. Free Radical. Bio .Med., 1995, 18(3):559-63.
- [9] Orsi D D, Gagliardi L, Manna F, et al. Chromatographia, 1997, 44(11-12):619-22.

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