

# **Ginsenoside Rk1 Datasheet**

4<sup>th</sup> Edition (Revised in July, 2016)

#### [ Product Information ]

Name: Ginsenoside Rk1

Catalog No.: CFN92644

Cas No.: 494753-69-4

**Purity:** > 98%

**M.F:** C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>70</sub>O<sub>12</sub>

M.W: 767.0

Physical Description: Powder

**Synonyms:**3β,12β-dihydroxydammar-20(21),24-diene-3-O-β-D-glucopyranosyl(1->2)-β-

D-glucopyranoside.

## [ Intended Use ]

- 1. Reference standards;
- 2. Pharmacological research;
- 3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
- 4. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
- 5. Others.

## [Source]

The roots of Panax ginseng C. A. Mey.

## [ Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Ginsenoside Rk1 has anti-tumor activity in human hepatocellular carcinoma cells through

inhibition of telomerase activity and induction of apoptosis.[1]

Combination of ginsenoside Rk1 with an autophagy inhibitor, such as bafilomycin A1 or

beclin 1 siRNA, can enhance the anti-tumor effect of Rk1, these results imply that

autophagy functions as a survival mechanism in HepG2 cells against Rk1-induced

apoptosis, suggest that the use of autophagy inhibitors in combination with Rk1 as an

effective anti-cancer regimen in HepG2 cells.[2]

Ginsenoside Rk1 has antiplatelet aggregation; the inhibition effects induce a decreased

12-hydroxy-5,8,10,14-eicosatetraenoic acid (12-HETE) level, which is related to 12-LOX

translocation resulting from decreased Ca(2+) levels. [3]

Ginsenoside Rk1 has antioxidant activity. [4]

Ginsenoside Rk1 anti-inflammatory effect, it can significantly inhibit COX-2 and iNOS

gene expression in a dose-dependent manner. [5]

## [Solvent]

Pyridine, Methanol, Ethanol, etc.

## [ HPLC Method ]<sup>[6]</sup>

HPLC-ELSD:

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile-H2O, gradient elution;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: 35 °C;

Drift tube temperature: 110  $^{\circ}$ C;

Flow rate of gas: 2.4L/min.

# [Storage]

2-8℃, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

#### [References]

- [1] Kim Y J, Kwon H C, Ko H, et al. Biol. Pharm. Bull., 2008, 31(5):826-30.
- [2] Hyeonseok K O, Kim Y J, Park J S, et al. Agricultural and Biological Chemistry, 2009, 73(10):2183-9.
- [3] Ju H K, Jin G L, Mi K P, et al. J. Proteome Res., 2012, 11(10):4939-46.
- [4] Hwang I G, Kim H Y, Joung E M, et al. Food Sci. Biotechnol., 2010, 19(4):941-9.
- [5] Lee S M. Phytother. Res., 2014, 28(12):1893-6.
- [6] Yu H S, Zhang L J, Song X B, et al. China Journal of Chinese Materia Medica, 2013, 38(22):3910-7.

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