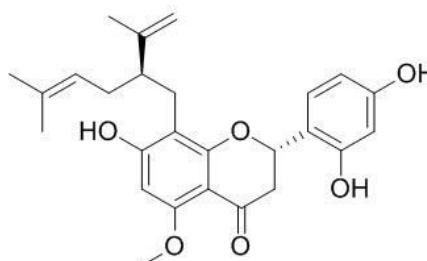


Kurarinone Datasheet

4th Edition (Revised in July, 2016)**[Product Information]****Name:** Kurarinone**Catalog No.:** CFN92003**Cas No.:** 34981-26-5**Purity:** > 95%**M.F:** C₂₆H₃₀O₆**M.W:** 438.49**Physical Description:** Powder

Synonyms: 2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-5,7-dihydroxy-8-(2-isopropenyl-5-methylhex-4-en-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-4H-chromen-4-one; 4H-1-Benzopyran-4-one, 2-(2,4-dihydroxyphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-7-hydroxy-5-methoxy-8-[(2R)-5-methyl-2-(1-methylethenyl)-4-hexen-1-yl]-, (2S)-.

**[Intended Use]**

1. Reference standards;
2. Pharmacological research;
3. Synthetic precursor compounds;
4. Cosmetic research;
5. Intermediates & Fine Chemicals;
6. Others.

[Source]

The roots of *Sophora flavescens* Ait.

[Biological Activity or Inhibitors]

Kurarinone shows weak estrogenic activity both in the yeast screen and in the Ishikawa Var-I assay with EC(50) values of 4.6 and 1.66 microM, respectively; kurarinone also has potent cytotoxic activity (IC(50) value = 22.2 microM) against human MCF-7/6 breast cancer cells.^[1]

Kurarinone exhibits strong inhibitory effect on immune responses, it suppresses the differentiation of CD4⁽⁺⁾ T cells by inhibiting the expression and production of T-cell lineage-specific master regulators and cytokines, it directly suppresses the cytokine-induced Janus kinase/signal transducer and activator of transcription (JAK/STAT) signaling and T-cell receptor (TCR) pathways; kurarinone can repress disease development by inhibiting the expression of pro-inflammatory mediators, including cytokines, chemokines and enzyme in murine ear skin; suggest that kurarinone may ameliorate chronic inflammatory skin diseases through the suppression of pathogenic CD4⁽⁺⁾ T-cell differentiation and the overall immune response.^[2]

Kurarinone sensitizes TNF-related apoptosis inducing ligand (TRAIL)-induced tumor cell apoptosis via suppression of NF- κ B-dependent cFLIP expression, indicating that this compound can be used as an anti-tumor agent in combination with TRAIL. ^[3]

Kurarinone combined with interferon α -1b (IFN α -1b) shows better effect in treating chronic hepatitis B than that of using either of the two alone.^[4]

Kurarinone can down-regulate the expression of transforming growth factor beta1 (TGF-beta1) and collagen I (Col I), inhibit epithelial cell-mesenchyma (ECM) trans-differentiation, suppress the activation and proliferation of myofibroblast; the probable pathway may be by way of down-regulating Smad3 expression to interfere its induction on intercellular signal transduction and consequently ameliorate renal interstitial fibrosis.^[5]

[Solvent]

Chloroform, Dichloromethane, Ethyl Acetate, DMSO, Acetone, etc.

[HPLC Method]^[6]

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile-H₂O, gradient elution ;

Flow rate: 1.0 ml/min;

Column temperature: Room Temperature;

The wave length of determination: 254 nm.

[Storage]

2-8℃, Protected from air and light, refrigerate or freeze.

[References]

[1] De Naeyer A., Vanden B. W., Victoria P , *et al. J. Nat. Prod.*, 2004, 67(11):1829-32.

[2] Kim B H, Na K M, Oh I, *et al. Biochem. Pharmacol.*, 2013, 85(8):1134-44.

[3] OkWon Seo, Jung Hwan Kim, KwangSoon Lee, *et al. Exp. Mol. Med.*, 2012, 44(11): 653-64.

[4] Pan Z S, Yu Q H, Yan H, *et al. Chinese Journal of Integrated Traditional and Western Medicine*, 2005, 25(8):700-3.

[5] Gao H Y, He X F, Shao J F. *Chinese Journal of Integrated Traditional and Western Medicine*, 2007, 27(6):535-9.

[6] Min B S, Choi J S, Na M K, *et al. Nat. Prod. Sci.*, 2007, 13(3):255-7.

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